

SHARING DATA TO ADVANCE SCIENCE

Research Infrastructures: Ensuring trust and quality of data

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Data in the wild

Organic or non-designed (found) data create new challenges for quality and trust ➢Not just increase in scale Data changes in real time ➢ Requires snapshots, versioning >No survey instrument or documentation of study design to provide metadata for re-use or discovery > Or even informed use of data the first time Requires development of standards (e.g., extend DDI) Citizen-scientist engagement

Provenance

Preservation

> Privacy

All more challenging in the new world of "found" data

Provenance

PreservationPrivacy

Provenance

>Adapting (and using) standards for new kinds of data

Linked data

Social media and web-based data

Preservation

➢ Privacy

Provenance

Preservation

Privacy

Provenance

➢ Preservation

Tension between openness and preservation
Feasibility
Individual researchers and institutions

>Incentives

>Privacy

ProvenancePreservation

➢ Privacy

ProvenancePreservation

➢Privacy

Safe data can be achieved in different ways

- Important to be able to use sensitive data in safe ways or sensitive subjects and vulnerable populations are ignored
- Match researchers to appropriate data and computing environment
- Sanitize (synthesize) data for less trusted users
 - Critical for training purposes
- Secure computing environment and differential privacy of output for trusted researchers

ICPSR initiatives: ensuring trust and quality of data

- LinkageLibrary
- SOMAR
- Researcher passport

Data linkage challenges

- Linked data present challenges for both confidentiality and reproducibility
 - Linkage more accurate with more detailed information
 - Need standards for safe, ethical ways to enhance data with new linkages
 - Linked data easier to re-identify, even after removing unique identifiers
 - Need safe places to analyze linked data
 - Linkage strategies introduce differences in datasets that are often not well documented

LINKAGE LIBRARY

Maintaining datasets to support the data linkage community

LINKAGE LIBRARY

Encourage researchers to share linked (or linkable) data, and linkage strategies

≻Algorithms, code

Compare approaches across projects, datasets, disciplines

Improve linkage practices

Improve transparency

SOMAR: Social Media Archive

Addresses 4 communities who:

- Study social media use specifically
- Leverage social media data to understand people and society
- Study social science methods
- Investigate new methods for curation, publication, confidentiality and quality assessment, and long-term management of research data

Archive enables historical and longitudinal analyses often missing from rapidly changing social medial platforms

SOMAR: Social Media Archive

- >Archive data where possible
- Archive workflows and code where data sharing is prohibited
 - ≻Eg: Twitter IDs and code for rehydrating
- ➤Curation and metadata
 - Provenance, dates, hashtags, confidentiality protection

Researcher Passport

Johanna Bleckman (log out)

My Passport | About | FAQs

BETA



Learn about the development phases and submit feedback.



What is a Researcher Passport?

It's a digital identity, or profile, that captures and verifies the information that data repositories need to know in order to share their data with you. It can then be provided to participating repositories to expedite your access to their data.

- Complete your profile
- Submit your application
- 🞯 Share your passport as you apply for data access



Watch our one-minute video

Establishing shared understanding of what it means to be a trusted researcher

Researcher Passport is a service of ICPSR, with funding from the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation.





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Researcher Passport

- Researcher Passport: Improving Data Access and Confidentiality Protection
 - ICPSR's Strategy for a Community-normed System of Digital Identities of Access
 - https://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/143808
 - Identifies inconsistent language and policies that impede access
 - Facilitate sharing of proprietary data
- ➢ Passports for safe people
 - > Verified identities, institutional affiliation, open badges
 - ➤ Training
 - Experience (good and bad)
- Visas to control access
 - Permission to "enter" (access) specific data specifying
 - Passport holder
 - Project, Place, Period

Questions

>How do we solve coordination problems?

Research across domains requires use of interoperable standards. How do we get that?

- Openness is limited by paywalls, but without resources long term preservation and access are not sustainable.
 - What's the appropriate balance between openness and sustainable preservation?

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More information ICPSR <u>help@icpsr.umich.edu</u> Researcher Credentialing Johanna Bleckman at Bleckman@umich.edu LinkageLibrary Susan Leonard at hautanie@umich.edu >SOMAR Libby Hemphill at LibbyH@umich.edu

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ICPSR



- Founded in 1962 by 22 universities, now consortium of 800 institutions world-wide
- Focus on social and behavioral science data, broadly defined
- Current holdings
 - > 10,000 studies, quarter million files
 - > 1500 are restricted studies, almost always to protect confidentiality
 - Bibliography of Data-related Literature with 75,000 citations
- > Approximately 60,000 active MyData ("shopping cart") accounts
- Thematic collections of data about addiction and HIV, aging, arts and culture, child care and early education, criminal justice, demography, health and medical care, and minorities